

Incident, Illness, Trauma and Illness Policy

Policy Number: CS-16-02-2022 Version: 3

Responsible person: BoG Chair Approved by BoG on: 17-06-2024

Review Date: 05-2025

Mandatory - Quality Area 2

Purpose

This policy will define the:

procedures to be followed if a child is ill, or is involved in a medical emergency or an incident at HPCH that results in injury or trauma responsibilities of staff, parents/guardians and the approved provider when a child is ill, or is involved in a medical emergency or an incident at HPCH that results in injury or trauma practices to be followed to reduce the risk of an incident occurring at HPCH.

Values

Hampton Park Community House (HPCH) is committed to:

- providing a safe and healthy environment for all children, staff, volunteers, students and any other persons participating in or visiting HPCH
- responding to the needs of an injured, ill or traumatised child at HPCH
- preventing injuries and trauma
- preventing the spread of illness through simple hygiene practices, monitoring immunisation records and complying with recommended exclusion guidelines
- maintaining a duty of care to children and users of HPCH



Scope

This policy applies to the approved provider, persons with management or control, nominated supervisor, persons in day-to-day charge, early childhood teachers, educators, staff, students, volunteers, parents/guardians, children and others attending the programs and activities of HPCH, including during offsite excursions and activities.

RESPONSIBILITIES	Approved provider and persons with management or control	Nominated supervisor and persons in day-to-day charge	Early childhood teacher, educators and all other staff	Parents/guardians	Contractors, volunteers and students		
R indicates legislation requirement, and should not be deleted							
Ensuring that the premises are kept clean and in good repair	R	R	V		1		
Maintaining effective supervision (refer to Supervision of Children Policy) for all enrolled children in all aspects of HPCH's program that is reflective of the children's needs, abilities, age and circumstances	R	R	√				
Regularly checking equipment in both indoor and outdoor areas for hazards (refer to Attachment 1), and taking the appropriate action to ensure the safety of the children when a hazard is identified	R	R	√				
Being proactive, responsive and flexible in using professional judgments to prevent injury from occurring	R	R	√		√		
Having ready access to an operating telephone or other similar means of communication to enable immediate communication to and from parents and emergency services	R	√	√				
Ensuring that staff have access to medication, Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness forms (available from ACECQA – refer to Sources) and WorkSafe Victoria incident report forms (refer to Sources)	R	√					
Ensuring that HPCH has an <i>Occupational Health and Safety policy</i> and procedures that outline the process for effectively identifying, managing and reviewing risks and hazards that are likely to cause injury, and reporting notifiable incidents to appropriate authorities <i>(refer to</i>	R	V	V				



Occupational Health and Safety Policy)					
Ensuring that there is a minimum of one educator with a current approved first aid qualification on the premises at all times (refer to Administration of First Aid Policy) As a demonstration of duty of care and evidence-based practice, HPCH requires all early childhood teachers and educators have current approved first aid qualifications, anaphylaxis management training and asthma management training.	R	V			
Ensuring that there are an appropriate number of up-to-date, fully equipped first aid kits that are accessible at all times (refer to Administration of First Aid Policy)	R	√	√		
Ensuring that children's enrolment forms provide authorisation for HPCH to seek emergency medical treatment by a medical practitioner, hospital or ambulance service (Regulations 161)	R	√		√	
Notifying HPCH, upon enrolment or diagnosis, of any medical conditions and/or needs, and any management procedure to be followed with respect to that condition or need (Regulation 162)				√	
Informing HPCH of an infectious disease or illness that has been identified while the child has not attended HPCH, and that may impact on the health and wellbeing of other children, staff and parents/guardians attending HPCH				V	
Ensuring that HPCH is provided with a current medical management plan, if applicable (Regulation 162(d))				√	
Notifying HPCH when their child will be absent from their regular program				√	
Notifying staff/educators if there is a change in the condition of a/their child's health, or if there have been any recent accidents or incidents that may impact on the child's care e.g. any bruising or head injuries. Part of the Child Safe Standards, it is important that if a child presents upon arrival to HPCH with any visible injury or trauma, this should be discussed and documented prior to the parent/guardian leaving HPCH (refer to Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing policy)	R	٨	٨	٧	V



Responding immediately to any incident, injury or medical emergency (refer to procedures and Administration of First Aid policy)	R	R	R		
Ensuring that a parent/guardian of the child is notified as soon as is practicable, but not later than 24 hours after the occurrence, if the child is involved in any incident, injury, trauma or illness while at HPCH (Regulation 86)	R	V	V		
Notifying other person/s as authorised on the child's enrolment form when the parents/guardians are not contactable	R	√	√		
Considering the emotional wellbeing of all children and educators during and following an accident, injury, trauma or illness events	√	√	√		
Ensuring that regulatory and legislative responsibilities are met in relation to any incident, injury or medical emergency	R	√	√		
Ensuing notifications of serious incidents (refer to Definitions) are made to the regulatory authority (DET) (refer to Definition) through the NQA IT System (refer to Definitions) as soon as is practicable but not later than 24 hours after the occurrence	R	V			
Recording details of any incident, injury or illness in the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record <i>(refer to Definitions)</i> as soon as is practicable but not later than 24 hours after the occurrence	R	V			
Signing the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record, thereby acknowledging that they have been made aware of the incident				V	
Reviewing and evaluating procedures after an incident or illness as part of the quality improvement process and taking appropriate action to remove the cause if required. For example, removing a nail found protruding from climbing equipment or retraining staff to adhere more closely to HPCH's <i>Hygiene Policy</i>	R	V	V		
Ensuring that completed medication records are kept until the end of 3 years after the child's last attendance (Regulation 92, 183)	R	√			
Ensuring that Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Records are maintained and stored securely until the child is 25 years old (Regulations 87, 183) (refer to Privacy and Confidentiality Policy)	R	V			
Communicating with families about children's health requirements in culturally sensitive ways and implementing individual children's medical management plans, where relevant	R	V	V	V	



Being contactable, either directly or through emergency contacts listed on the child's enrolment form, in the event of an incident requiring medical attention				√	
Requesting the parents/guardians make arrangements for the child or children involved in an incident or medical emergency to be collected from HPCH, or informing parents/guardians if an ambulance has been called	R	V	V	V	
Collecting their child as soon as possible when notified of an incident, injury or medical emergency involving their child				√	
Arranging payment of all costs incurred when an ambulance service required for their child at HPCH				√	

PROCEDURES

Ensuring that the following contact numbers are displayed in close proximity of each telephone:

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DET regional office

Approved provider (BoG Chair) Jeff McAlpine M: 0412 219 133

Asthma Victoria: (03) 9326 7088 or toll free 1800 645 130

Victorian Poisons Information Centre: 13 11 26

City of Casey <u>03) 9705 5200</u>

When there is a medical emergency, all staff will:

- call an ambulance, where necessary
- administer first aid, and provide care and comfort to the child prior to the parents/guardians or ambulance arriving
- implement the child's current medical management plan, where appropriate
- notify parents/guardians as soon as is practicable of any serious medical emergency, incident or injury concerning the child, and request the parents/guardians make arrangements for the child to be collected from HPCH and/or inform the parents/guardians that an ambulance has been called



- notify other person/s as authorised on the child's enrolment form, if the parents/guardians are not contactable
- ensure ongoing supervision of all children in attendance at HPCH
- accompany the child in the ambulance when the parents/guardians are not present, provided that staff-to-child ratios can be maintained at HPCH
- notify the approved provider of the medical emergency, incident or injury as soon as is practicable
- complete and submit an incident report to DET, the approved provider and HPCH's public liability insurer following a serious incident.

When a child develops symptoms of illness while at HPCH, all staff will:

- observing the symptoms of children's illnesses and injuries and systematically recording and sharing this information with families (and medical professionals where required)
- ensure that the nominated supervisor, or person in day-to-day care of HPCH, contacts the parents/guardians or authorised emergency contact for the child
- request that the child is collected from HPCH if the child is not well enough to participate in the program
- ensure that they separate the child from the group and have a staff member remain with the child until the child recovers, a parent/guardian arrives or another responsible person takes charge
- call an ambulance (refer to definition of medical emergency) if a child appears very unwell or has a serious injury that needs urgent medical attention
- ensure that the child is returned to the care of the parent/guardian or authorised emergency contact person as soon as is practicable
- ensure that, where medication, medical or dental treatment is obtained, the parents/guardians are notified as soon as is practicable and within 24 hours, and are provided with details of the illness and subsequent treatment administered to the child
- ensure that the approved provider is notified of the incident
- ensure that the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record is completed as soon as is practicable and within 24 hours of the occurrence.

Details that must be entered in the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record include the following:

- the name and age of the child
- the circumstances leading to the incident, injury or trauma, or relevant circumstances surrounding the child becoming ill (including any symptoms)



- the time and date the incident occurred, the injury was received or the child was subjected to the trauma, or the apparent onset of the illness
- the action taken by HPCH, including any medication administered, first aid provided or medical personnel contacted
- details of any person who witnessed the incident, injury or trauma, or the apparent onset of illness
- the name of any person HPCH notified, or attempted to notify, of any incident, injury, trauma or illness that a child suffered while being educated and cared for by HPCH, and the time and date of the notifications/attempted notifications
- the name and signature of the person making an entry in the record, and the time and date that the entry was made
- signature of a parent/guardian to verify that they have been informed of the occurrence.

All information will be included in the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record as soon as is practicable, but **not later than 24 hours** after the incident, injury or trauma, or the onset of the illness.

Background and Legislation

Background

People responsible for managing early childhood services and caring for children have a duty of care towards those children. All service staff have a responsibility and a duty of care to act to prevent accidents and emergencies at HPCH.

An approved service must have policies and procedures in place in the event that a child is injured, becomes ill or suffers trauma. These procedures should be followed and must include the requirement that a parent/guardian be notified in the event of an incident, injury, illness or trauma relating to their child as soon as possible and within 24 hours of the occurrence.

The National Regulations require an accurate Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record to be kept and stored confidentially until the child is 25 years old (Regulation 183(2)).

Under the national legislation, each service must ensure that an entry is recorded in the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record for the following occurrences:

an incident in relation to a child, an injury received by a child or trauma to which a child has been subjected

an illness that becomes apparent.

Medical emergencies may include serious health issues such as asthma, anaphylaxis, diabetes, fractures, choking and seizures. Such emergencies generally involve only one child, however they can affect everyone in the children's service. In some cases it will be appropriate to refer to specific policies for guidance, such as the *Dealing with Medical Conditions Policy, Asthma Policy, Anaphylaxis Policy, Diabetes Policy and Epilepsy Policy.*



Legislation and Standards

Relevant legislation and standards include but are not limited to:

- Australian Standards AS3745–2002, Emergency control procedures for buildings, structures and workplaces
- Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010: Section 174(2)
- Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011: Regulations 77, 85–87, 103, 177, 183
- Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008 (Vic)
- Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2009 (Vic)
- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004 (Vic)
- Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2007
- WorkSafe Victoria Compliance Code: First aid in the workplace (2008)
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 2: Children's Health and Safety
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 3: Physical Environment
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 7: Governance and Leadership
- Therapeutic Goods Act 1989 (Cth)

The most current amendments to listed legislation can be found at:

Victorian Legislation – Victorian Law Today: www.legislation.vic.gov.au

Commonwealth Legislation – Federal Register of Legislation: <u>www.legislation.gov.au</u>

Definitions

The terms defined in this section relate specifically to this policy.

Emergency services: Includes ambulance, fire brigade, police and state emergency services.

First aid: The provision of initial care in response to an illness or injury. It generally consists of a series of techniques to preserve life, protect a person (particularly if unconscious), prevent a condition worsening and promote recovery. First aid training should be delivered by approved first aid providers, and a list of these is published on the ACECQA website: www.acecqa.gov.au



Hazard: A source or situation with a potential for harm in terms of human injury or ill health, damage to property, damage to the environment or a combination of these.

Illness: Any sickness and/or associated symptoms that affect the child's normal participation in the program at HPCH.

Incident: Any unplanned event resulting in or having potential for injury, ill health, damage or other loss.

Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record: Contains details of any incident, injury, trauma or illness that occurs while the child is being educated and cared for by HPCH. The Approved Provider must ensure an Injury, Trauma and Illness Record is kept in accordance with *Regulation 87 of the Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011* and kept for the period of time specified in *Regulation 183*. A sample is available on the ACECQA website: www.acecqa.gov.au (search 'Sample forms and templates').

Injury: Any physical damage to the body caused by violence or an incident.

Medication: Any substance, as defined in the *Therapeutic Goods Act 1989 (Cth)*, that is administered for the treatment of an illness or medical condition.

Medical management plan: A document that has been prepared and signed by a doctor that describes symptoms, causes, clear instructions on action and treatment for the child's specific medical condition, and includes the child's name and a photograph of the child. An example of this is the Australasian Society of Clinical Immunology and Allergy (ASCIA) action plan for anaphylaxis.

Medical attention: Includes a visit to a registered medical practitioner or attendance at a hospital.

Medical emergency: An injury or illness that is acute and poses an immediate risk to a person's life or long-term health.

Minor incident: An incident that results in an injury that is small and does not require medical attention.

Trauma: An emotional wound or shock that often has long-lasting effects or any physical damage to the body caused by violence or an incident.

Sources and Related Policies

Sources

- ACECQA sample forms and templates: <u>www.acecqa.gov.au</u>
- Building Code of Australia: <u>www.abcb.gov.au</u>
- Staying Healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services (5th edition, 2013)

 National Health and Medical Research Council: www.nhmrc.gov.au
- VMIA Insurance Guide, Community Service Organisations program: www.vmia.vic.gov.au
- WorkSafe Victoria: Guide to Incident Notification: www.worksafe.vic.gov.au



• WorkSafe Victoria: Online notification forms: www.worksafe.vic.gov.au

Related Policies

- Administration of First Aid
- Administration of Medication
- Anaphylaxis and Allergic Reactions
- Asthma
- Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing
- Dealing with Infectious Diseases
- Dealing with Medical Conditions
- Delivery & Collection of Children
- Diabetes
- Emergency and Evacuation
- Epilepsy
- Excursions and Service Events
- Hygiene
- Occupational Health and Safety
- Privacy and Confidentiality
- Road Safety and Safe Transport

Evaluation

To assess whether the values and purposes of the policy have been achieved, the approved provider will:

- regularly seek feedback from everyone affected by the policy regarding its effectiveness
- monitor the implementation, compliance, complaints and incidents in relation to this policy
- review and analyse information gathered from the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record and staff first aid records regarding incidents at HPCH



- keep the policy up to date with current legislation, research, policy and best practice
- revise the policy and procedures as part of HPCH's policy review cycle, or as required
- notify all stakeholders affected by this policy at least 14 days before making any significant changes to this policy or its procedures, unless a lesser period is necessary due to risk (*Regulation 172 (2*)).

Attachments

Attachment 1: Sample hazard identification checklist

Authorisations

Signature of BoG Chair:

Date: 17-06-2024

